

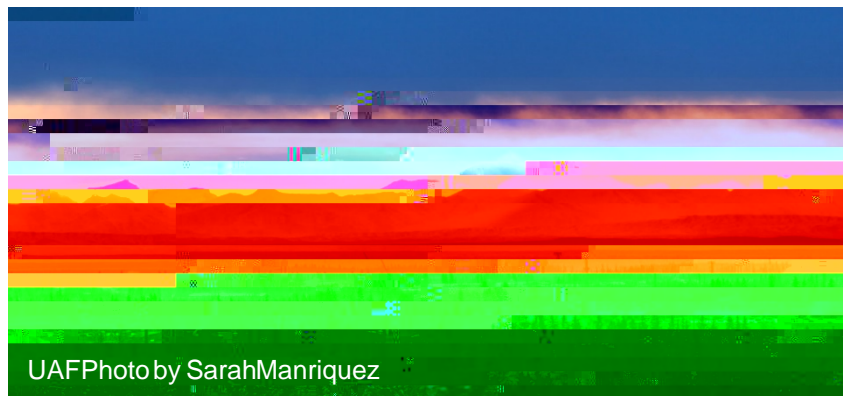
Currently, UAF purchases

UAF WATER QUALITY DATA TABLE

Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	
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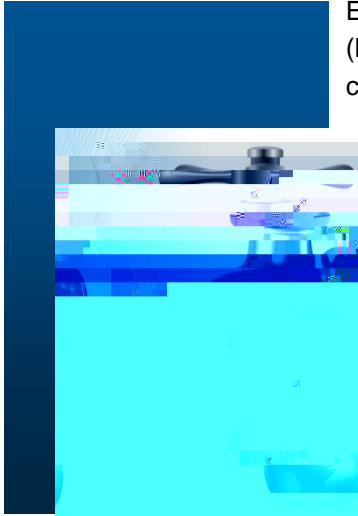
If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead is found in drinking water when

distribution sy20.181 0 Td [(s)20.4 Tw 0.43 3(n)9:27(n)T.02(h) Tc:04 Twi 0.21 c:3.901 Tw 0.15 0 Tc (ca) 1319(2-1(a)87(h)



Secondary Contaminants

EPA has established National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations (NSDWRs) that set non-mandatory water quality standards for 15 contaminants (secondary contaminants). t(se)140.001 T/MCID M



Abbreviations		Definitions
AL	Action Level	The concentration of lead/copper in more than 10 percent of tap water samples collected during any monitoring period conducted in accordance with §141.86 is greater than 0.015 mg/L (40 CFR 141.80(c))
TC+	Total Coliform Positive	N/A
CCR	Consumer Confidence Report	N/A
CDC	Centers for Disease Control	N/A
CUC	College Utilities Corporation	N/A
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	N/A
HAA5	Haloacetic Acids	N/A
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology and taking cost into consideration. MCLs are enforceable standards.

MCLG

CONTACT INFORMATION

QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS REPORT OR THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Kellie Fritze, Associate Vice Chancellor for Facilities
907-474-7000

QUESTIONS ABOUT HEALTH EFFECTS

Safe Drinking Water Hotline 800-426-4791

LINKS WITH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

UAF Water Plant Website <http://www.uaf.edu/fs/departments/utilities/water-plant/>

College Utilities <http://www.akwater.com/cuc-ccr.pdf>

EPA Information on Lead
<https://www.epa.gov/ground-water-and-drinking-water/basics>